## Half-Life

Name: $\qquad$

1) Suppose you start off at your birth with $\$ 2000$. Every year you use half (half-life $=1$ year)
a) How many years to have $\$ 31.25$ remaining?
b) How much $\$$ remaining after 12 half-lives?
2) Cobalt 60 has a half-life of 5 years. How much is gone from 1000 g original amount after 10 years?
3) You are 512 m from a phone booth. Every minute you cut the distance between you and the booth by $1 / 2$ (half-life $=1$ minute).
a) How long to reach the phone booth?
b) How many half-lives to get within 25 cm of the booth?

Directions: Using the table below answer the following questions.

| Isotope | Half-life (years) | Type of Decay | Isotope | Half-life (years) | Type of Decay |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| uranium-238 | $4.5 \times 10^{19}$ | alpha | carbon-14 | 5730 | beta |
| uranium-235 | $7.1 \times 10^{8}$ | alpha | plutonium- 239 | 24000 | alpha |
| thorium-232 | $1.4 \times 10^{10}$ | alpha | cesium-137 | 30 | beta |
| potassium-40 | $1.3 \times 10^{9}$ | beta | iodine-131 | $.022(8$ days) | beta |

4) Write the nuclear reaction for the decay of the plutonium-239 atom.
5) How many years will have elapsed for 1 gram of potassium-40 to remain from a 16 gram sample?
6) In a certain sample of rock containing uranium, $10 \%$ of the uranium is uranium-238. After how many years will the sample contain $1.25 \%$ uranium- 238 ?
